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**THE INFLUENCE OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT OF UKRAINE
ON DETERMINING THE RESPONSIBILITY OF SUBJECTS
OF AUTHORITIES OF LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT**

The adoption of a number of legislative acts regulating new aspects of the functioning of the local self-government system is accompanied by the need to clarify the existing legal framework, in particular the Law of Ukraine «On Local Self-Government in Ukraine». The special attention is required to the question of power entities' responsibility in this area.

The purpose of the Article is to analyze the decisions of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine regarding explanations of the provisions of the Law of Ukraine «On Local Self-Government in Ukraine» in order to identify and clarify the issue of power entities' responsibility in this area. The knowledge obtained is considered as one of methods for the further determination and substantiation of approaches to improving relations of the responsibility in the context of international standards of the local self-government.

One of the most interesting documents concerning problems of the responsibility is the Decision of the Constitutional Court of Ukraine (the case on the local self-government) dd. February 9, 2000 № 1-пп/2000. Among the issues that were considered in it is the recognition of the provision of part 3 of Article 79 of the Law of Ukraine «On Local Self-Government of Ukraine» «regarding the early termination of the village or settlement head, or the mayor upon the decision of the relevant council on grounds of «in other cases» as unconstitutional.

The Article draws attention to the fact that if the decision of the local referendum or that of the relevant council on the early termination of the head's powers relies, first of all, on the consideration of exercising the head's powers, the procedure of the «popular initiative» appeals to his representative mandate, and his direct mutual relations with the territorial community.

The research results are planned to be used in the future while studying the practice of resorting to the procedure for the early termination of powers of the village or settlement head, or the mayor and local councils, which will allow to clarify more clearly

the complexity of regulating the responsibility of power entities in the local self-government of Ukraine.

Key words: responsibility, power entities in the local self-government, village, settlement and city councils, village or settlement head, mayor, executive bodies of local councils, territorial community.